



Role of ECMO For the Critical COVID-19 Cases in Shanghai China

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Shanghai COVID-19 ECMO Expert Team

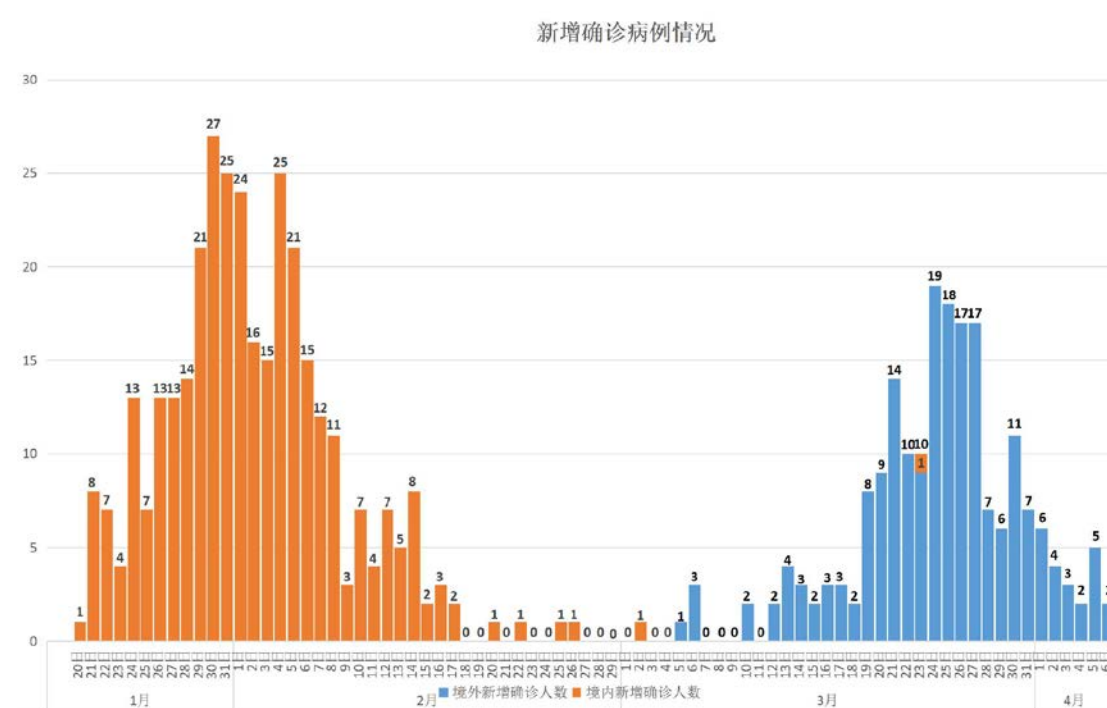
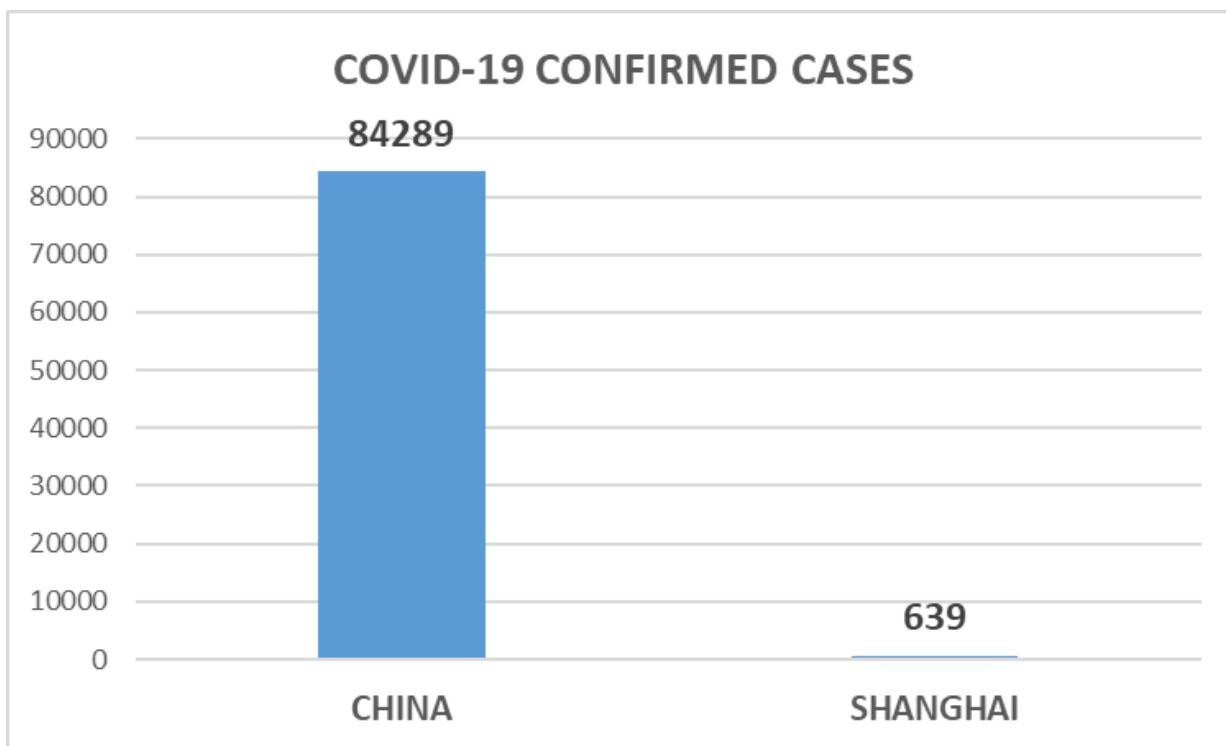


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Pandemic of COVID-19 in Shanghai, China

Updated on 22th Apr By China National Health Authority





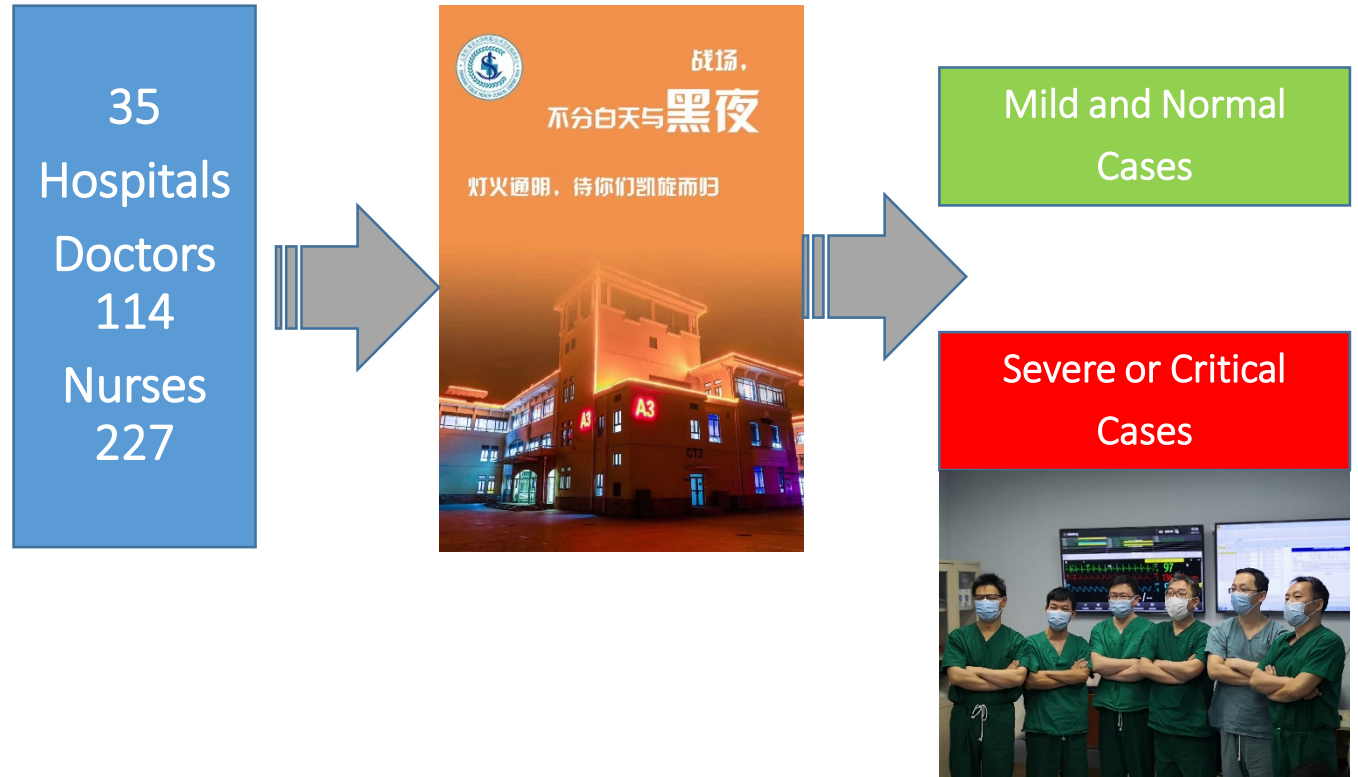
蓝天白云下
这里是战场
这儿的英雄静谧而伟大

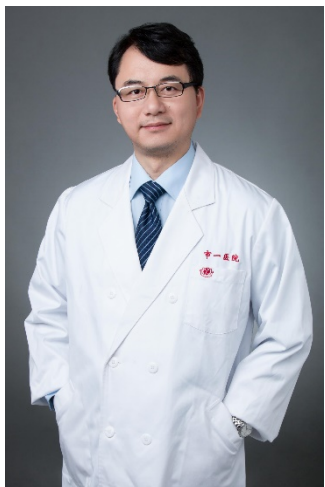
Covid 19 Shanghai Epidemic Summary

- The first patient was confirmed on Jan 20, 2020
- 639 confirmed cases by Apr 22, 2020
 - Discharged 532
- All patients were admitted to a COVID-19 designated hospital
- 19 critical cases
 - 7 Death
 - 9 had been on ECMO
 - 11 Discharged home or rehab service
 - 1 still on mechanical ventilation



Shanghai Medical Support Team





Shanghai COVID-19 ECMO Expert Team

“Shanghai F7”

ECMO team

- One supervisor
- 3 ECMO specialists-24/7 in Red Zone
 - Physician Perfusionist
 - Critical Care Physician
 - Pulmonologist
- Responsibility
 - Oversee ECMO management
 - Participate in clinical evaluation and treatment
 - Communicate with the Shanghai COVID-19 Expert Team for guidance



Rotate every 4 weeks from 7 staffs



战场，
不分白天与黑夜

灯火通明，待你们凯旋而归



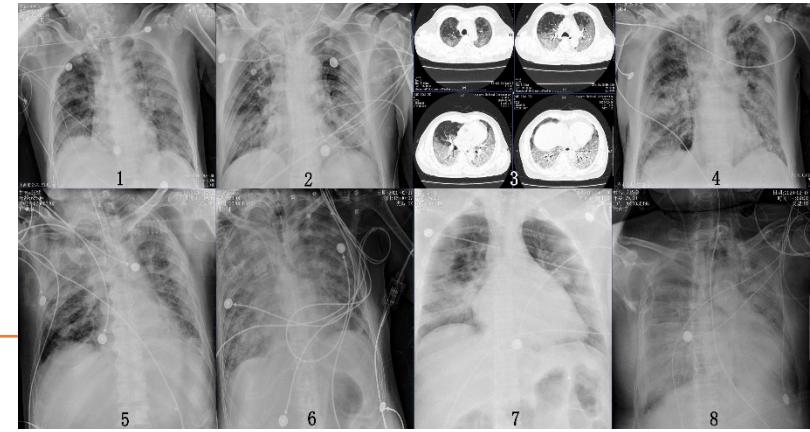
ECMO for Critical Cases

- ECMO 9
 - ECPR 1 in V-A
 - V-V 8
- Death 5
 - ECPR unsuccessful
 - BMI 40.8, ECMO twice
 - Malignancy D37
 - 81 y with comorbidities D47
 - Bleeding during weaning D39
- Withdraw 4 –ECMO D23/ D47/ D40/D15
 - 3 Discharged home
 - 1 Still on MV

Infection Control in ECMO Management



ECMO Indication and Timing



Standard ARDS Treatment Before ECMO

protective lung ventilation, optimal PEEP, pharmaceutical recruitment, and prone positioning

ECMO should be actively considered

⊖ $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2 < 100\text{mmHg}$
⊖ $\text{pH} < 7.25$ & $\text{PaCO}_2 > 60\text{mmHg}$ over 6hrs

ECMO should be immediately established

⊖ $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2 < 50\text{mmHg}$ over 1 hr
⊖ $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2 < 80\text{mmHg}$ over 2hrs
⊗ Existence of uncompensated respiratory acidosis with $\text{PH} < 7.2$ hour

Preliminary Results-ECMO

ECMO parameters									
Patient	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
RASS	-3~-5	-3~-5	-3~-5	-3~-5	-3~-5	-3~-5	-3~-5	\	-3~-5
P/F before ECMO	67	66	64	75	76	70	54	57	55
Lactate (mmol/L)	2.4	2.8	3.1	4.0	1.3	2.4	3.1	2.1	3.7
Time of mechanical ventilation before ECMO	4	10	12hour	13	4	21	5hour* 13*	5	2
Time of ECMO (day)	40	47	47	37	22	39	8/10	3hrs	11
Mode of ECMO	VV	VV	VV	VV	VV	VV	VV	ECPR-VA	VV
State by now	Home	Died	Home	Died	Home	Died	Died	Died	MV

USE GLOVES

Wear disposable gloves to avoid contact with potentially infected surfaces.



Ministry of Culture and Information Policy of Ukraine

#ArtOfFlatten

USE HAND SANITIZER

Use sanitizers to keep your hands and personal accessories clean.



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WASH YOUR HANDS

Frequently wash your hands with soap to kill the viruses, that may be on them.



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MAKE SUPPLIES

Making supplies lets you remain home for a longer time and minimize the potential risks of infection.



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SOCIAL DISTANCING

Staying home and keeping social distance is the most effective way to stop the spread of the virus.



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USE DELIVERY

Using delivery services reduces the number of contacts and minimizes the risks of infection.



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